### In the Claims

Please delete Claims 23-26 and 50-53 without prejudice and amend the remaining claims as follows:

- 1. (currently amended) A method of carrying out a combustion process, comprising: initiating a combustion reaction of a combustion material to begin the combustion process;
- stimulating one or more components of the combustion material using nuclear resonance to alter the oxidation of one or more selected components of the combustion reaction, the nuclear resonance stimulation having a frequency targeted for the one or more selected components;

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iteratively sensing one or more operating parameters of the combustion reaction; and automatically adjusting the frequency of the nuclear resonance stimulation in real-time based on the sensed operating parameters, wherein said adjusting selectively increases or decreases the frequency of the nuclear resonance stimulation by a frequency adjustment value for a preset time of the combustion process.

- 2. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating utilizes nuclear magnetic resonance.
- 3. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating utilizes nuclear quadrupole resonance.
- 4. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material after the combustion reaction in an exhaust stream.
- 5. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material during the combustion reaction in the combustion chamber.
- 6. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material before the combustion reaction in an intake.

- 7. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating stimulates a first component of the combustion material in an intake to the combustion chamber with nuclear magnetic resonance and stimulates a second component of the combustion material in the combustion chamber with nuclear quadrupole resonance.
- 8. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating emits an electromagnetic signal having a frequency which targets a nuclear resonance frequency of nitrogen-14 in the combustion material.
- 9. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating emits an electromagnetic signal having a frequency which targets a nuclear resonance frequency of hydrogen-1 in the combustion material.
- 10. (original) The method of Claim 1 wherein said stimulating emits an electromagnetic pulse which is synchronized with said initiating of the combustion reaction.
  - 11. (canceled)
  - 12. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1 wherein: said sensing provides information on one or more gas levels in an exhaust stream; and said adjusting tunes the frequency based on the gas level information.

- 13. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1 wherein: said sensing provides information on temperature in an exhaust stream; and said adjusting tunes the frequency based on the temperature information.
- 14. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1 wherein said adjusting tunes the frequency based on a comparison of at least one current operating parameter to a previously-recorded operating parameter.

# 15. - 26. (canceled)

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- 27. (currently amended) A combustion apparatus comprising:
  a combustion chamber for containing a combustion reaction of a combustion process;
  an intake for feeding a combustion material into said combustion chamber;
  an exhaust port for carrying an exhaust stream away from said combustion chamber;
  a nuclear resonance stimulation source which stimulates one or more components of the combustion material to alter the oxidation of one or more selected components of the combustion reaction, said nuclear resonance stimulation source having a frequency targeted for the one or more selected components;
- at least one sensor which iteratively senses one or more operating parameters of the combustion reaction; and
- a feedback control unit which automatically adjusts the frequency of said nuclear resonance stimulation source in real-time based on <u>the</u> sensed operating parameters by selectively increasing or decreasing the frequency of the nuclear resonance stimulation by a frequency adjustment value for a preset time of the combustion process.
- 28. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source is a nuclear magnetic resonance source.
- 29. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source is a nuclear quadrupole resonance source.

- 30. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material after the combustion reaction in the exhaust stream.
- 31. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material during the combustion reaction in said combustion chamber.
- 32. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source stimulates the one or more components of the combustion material before the combustion reaction in said intake.
- 33. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source includes a nuclear magnetic resonance source which stimulates a first component of the combustion material in said intake and a nuclear quadrupole resonance source which stimulates a second component of the combustion material in said combustion chamber.
- 34. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source emits an electromagnetic signal having a frequency which targets a nuclear resonance frequency of nitrogen-14 in the combustion material.
- 35. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source emits an electromagnetic signal having a frequency which targets a nuclear resonance frequency of hydrogen-1 in the combustion material.
- 36. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said nuclear resonance stimulation source emits an electromagnetic pulse which is synchronized with the combustion reaction.

37. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27, further comprising electromagnetic shielding inside combustion chamber which reflects radio frequency signals toward the combustion reaction.

## 38. (canceled)

- 39. (previously presented) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein: said sensor provides information on one or more gas levels in an exhaust stream; and said feedback control unit adjusts the frequency based on the gas level information.
- 40. (previously presented) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein: said sensor provides information on temperature in the exhaust stream; and said feedback control unit adjusts the frequency based on the temperature information.
- 41. (previously presented) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 wherein said feedback control unit adjusts the frequency based on a comparison of at least one current operating parameter to a previously-recorded operating parameter.

## 42. - 53. (canceled)

- 54. (previously presented) A feedback control unit for a nuclear resonance stimulation source which enhances a combustion reaction, comprising:
  - one or more inputs for iteratively receiving sensory data relating to the combustion reaction;
  - control logic which examines the sensory data to automatically determine an operational adjustment factor for a frequency of the nuclear resonance stimulation source targeted for one or more selected components of the combustion reaction; and an output which provides a real-time signal indicative of the operational adjustment factor.

### 55. (canceled)

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- 56. (previously presented) The feedback control unit of Claim 54 further comprising a user interface which allows the frequency to be programmably set.
- 57. (original) The feedback control unit of Claim 56 wherein said user interface further allows a frequency adjustment value to be programmably set.
- 58. (previously presented) The feedback control unit of Claim 54 wherein the sensory data relates to information on one or more gas levels in an exhaust stream, and said control logic adjusts the frequency based on the gas level information.
- 59. (previously presented) The feedback control unit of Claim 54 wherein the sensory data relates to information on temperature in an exhaust stream, and said control logic adjusts the frequency based on the temperature information.
- 60. (previously presented) The feedback control unit of Claim 54 wherein said control logic adjusts the frequency based on a comparison of current sensory data to previously-recorded sensory data.
- 61. (original) The method of Claim 1 where the nuclear resonance stimulation frequency is a first frequency targeted for a first one of the selected components, and said stimulating further simultaneously uses nuclear resonance stimulation having a second frequency targeted for a second one of the selected components.
- 62. (original) The combustion apparatus of Claim 27 where the nuclear resonance stimulation source frequency is a first frequency targeted for a first one of the selected components, and said nuclear resonance stimulation source further simultaneously has a second nuclear resonance stimulation source frequency targeted for a second one of the selected components.

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